Audit Report on Financial Statements issued by an Independent Auditor

Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. Financial Statements and Management Report for the year ended December 31, 2019



Ernst & Young, S.L. Edificio Sarrià Forum Avda. Sarrià 102-106 08017 Barcelona España Tel: 933 663 700 Fax: 934 053 784 ey.com

AUDIT REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ISSUED BY AN INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails

To the Shareholders of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.:

Audit report on the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. (the Company), which comprise the balance sheet at December 31, 2019, the income statement, the statement of changes in equity, the cash flow statement, and the notes thereto for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the equity and financial position of the Company at December 31, 2019 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework for financial information in Spain (identified in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements) and, specifically, the accounting principles and criteria contained therein.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those related to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Spain as required by prevailing audit regulations. In this regard, we have not provided non-audit services nor have any situations or circumstances arisen that might have compromised our mandatory independence in a manner prohibited by the aforementioned requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.



Assessment of the recovery of the book value of long-term investments in group companies and associates

Description

As detailed in Note 7 to the accompanying financial statements, the Company shows long-term investments in group companies and associates amounting to 16,552 million euros.

The determination of the recoverable amounts of the long-term investments in group companies and associates is based on estimates that require Management to use cash flow projections based on current results. These cash flows are calculated based on the 2018-2022 Strategic Plan approved by the Board of Directors updated by the most recent budgets possible, whose key assumptions are detailed in Note 4 to the accompanying financial statements. Additionally, Management have made a sensitivity analysis of the most significant assumptions that, based on historical experience, may reasonably experience some variations.

As a result of the aforementioned analyses, Company Management have recorded a net impairment loss amounting to 320 million euros (Note 7).

Given the significance of the balance of the 'Long-term investments in group companies and associates' heading and the existence of significant estimates regarding the key assumptions used in the calculations made by Management, we consider this area a key audit matter.

Our response

Our audit procedures for this area consisted, among others, in:

- Understanding the processes established by Company Management in the determination of the impairment of long-term investments in group companies and associates, including the assessment of the design and implementation of relevant controls.
- Reviewing whether any indications of impairment exist and, where appropriate, reviewing the model used by Company Management, in collaboration with our valuation specialists, covering, in particular, the mathematical consistency of the model, the reasonableness of projected cash flows, discount rates and long-term growth rates, and the results of the sensitivity analyses made by Company Management. In the performance of our review we held meetings with the people in charge of the businesses and used renowned external sources and other available information to verify the data used by Company Management.
- Reviewing the disclosures included in the notes to the financial statements in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework for financial reporting.

Transfer of UFD Distribución Electricidad, S.A.

Description

As indicated in Note 7 to the accompanying financial statements, on November 27, 2019 the Company sold 100% of the shares it held in UFD Distribución Electricidad, S.A. for an amount of 5,170 million euros, in accordance with their fair value. The shares were sold to Holding Negocios de Electricidad, S.A., a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company that was incorporated in the current year and became the parent of the electricity distribution activities in Spain. Additionally, in accordance with section 1 of Recognition and Measurement Standard 21 of the Spanish General Accounting Plan, the transaction carried out was recorded at fair value and generated profit of 3,539 million euros.

Given the significance of the amounts involved in this transaction, we have considered this area a key audit matter.



Our response

Our audit procedures for this area consisted, among others, in:

- Reviewing the sale agreement reached for the transfer of a 100% ownership interest in the electricity distribution business in Spain.
- Reviewing, by involving our transaction experts, the valuation report prepared by the financial advisor on the fair value established for this transaction in the sale agreement.
- Reviewing the intra-group agreements associated with this transaction.
- Verifying the accounting treatment followed by the Company for recording the transaction.
- Reviewing the disclosures included in the notes to the financial statements in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework for financial reporting.

Other information: Management Report

Other information refers exclusively to the 2019 management report, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Company's directors and is not an integral part of the financial statements.

Our audit opinion on the financial statements does not cover the management report. Our responsibility for the information included in the management report is defined in prevailing audit regulations, which distinguish two levels of responsibility:

- a. A specific level applicable to the non-financial information statement, as well as certain information included in the Corporate Governance Report, as defined in article 35.2. b) of Audit Law 22/2015, which solely requires us to verify that said information has been included in the management report and, if not, that the reference corresponding to the separate report on non-financial information as provided for by the regulations has been included therein, and if not, disclose this fact.
- b. A general level applicable to the remaining information included in the management report, which requires us to evaluate and report on the consistency of said information in the financial statements, based on the knowledge of the entity we obtained while auditing the financial statements, not including any information not obtained as evidence during the course of the audit. In addition, our responsibility is to assess and report on whether the content and presentation of the management report are in conformity with applicable regulations. If, based on the work carried out, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to disclose them.

Based on the work performed, as described in the above paragraph, we have verified that the information referred to in paragraph a) above is provided in the management report, and that the remaining information contained therein is consistent with that provided in the 2019 financial statements and their content and presentation are in conformity with applicable regulations.

Responsibility of the Directors and the audit committee for the financial statements

The directors are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying financial statements so that they give a true and fair view of the equity, financial position and results of the Company, in accordance with the regulatory framework for financial information applicable to the Company in Spain, identified in Note 2 to the accompanying financial statements, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the audit committee of the Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



We also provide the audit committee of the Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those related to independence, and communicate to them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the audit committee of the Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Additional report for the audit committee

The opinion expressed in this audit report is consistent with the additional report we issued to the audit committee of the Company on February 6, 2020.

Term of engagement

The ordinary general shareholders' meeting held on April 20, 2017 appointed us as auditors for 3 years, commencing on December 31, 2018.

ERNST & YOUNG, S.L. (Signature on the original in Spanish)

Alfredo Eguiagaray

February 6, 2020

Audit Report on Consolidated Financial Statements issued by an Independent Auditor

Naturgy Energy Group S.A. and Subsidiaries Consolidated Financial Statements and Consolidated Management Report for the year ended December 31, 2019



Ernst & Young, S.L. Edificio Sarrià Forum Avda. Sarrià 102-106 08017 Barcelona España Tel: 933 663 700 Fax: 934 053 784 ey.com

AUDIT REPORT ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS ISSUED BY AN INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Translation of a report and financial statements originally issued in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails

To the Shareholders of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.:

Report on the consolidated financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. (the Parent) and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet at December 31, 2019, the consolidated income statement, the consolidated statement of other comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity, the consolidated cash flow statement, and the notes thereto, for the year then ended.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of consolidated equity and consolidated financial position of the Group at December 31, 2019, and of its financial performance and its consolidated cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union (IFRS-EU), and other provisions in the regulatory framework applicable in Spain.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the ethical requirements, including those related to independence, that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in Spain as required by prevailing audit regulations. In this regard, we have not provided non-audit services nor have any situations or circumstances arisen that might have compromised our mandatory independence in a manner prohibited by the aforementioned requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key audit matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our audit opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Commitments for the purchase of natural gas

Description

As indicated in Notes 3.4.8.3 and 37 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group has taken long-term contractual commitments for the purchase of natural gas. In accordance with usual practices in the gas industry, said contracts can be signed for a maximum period of 20 to 25 years, and establish a minimum amount of gas to be purchased (take or pay clauses whereby the buyer assumes the obligation to pay the amount of natural gas contracted regardless of whether they receive it or not) and price review mechanisms linked to international prices of natural gas and prices of natural gas in the countries of destination.

These agreements are executed and kept to meet the needs for receiving or delivering the natural gas expected by the Group in accordance with periodical purchase and sale estimates. Consequently, the Group classifies these contracts as for 'own use', and they are thus excluded from the scope of IFRS 9 'Financial instruments'. The natural gas purchase commitments under these contracts amount to 59,045 million euros at December 31, 2019 (Note 37).

The assessment of the long-term natural gas procurement contracts requires Group Management to exercise critical judgment regarding the short-, mid- and long-term demand and supply estimates and compliance with the clauses included in the contracts, in order to determine their classification as own-use contracts. Consequently, we consider this area a key audit matter.

Our response

Our audit procedures for this area consisted, among others, in:

- Understanding the accounting procedures and criteria applied by the Group regarding future procurement contracts.
- Reading and analyzing a significant sample of the natural gas procurement contracts signed by the Group.
- Analyzing, by involving our financial instruments experts, whether the analyzed gas purchase and sale agreements meet the own-use definition by verifying the requirements established for such classification in the applicable framework for financial reporting.
- Evaluating the amounts acquired during the year and checking that the minimum contractual amounts are met.
- Analyzing provisions and contingencies linked to price review arbitration proceedings, through meetings to understand and validate the ongoing arbitration proceedings, reading the corresponding contracts and obtaining the litigation confirmation letter from the Group's legal services.
- Reviewing the information related to the gas purchase agreements disclosed in the consolidated financial statements for the year.

Revenue recognition: Sale of unbilled energy

Description

As detailed in Note 11, at 2019 year end, the Group has recorded in the 'Trade and other receivables' heading of the consolidated balance sheet 1,618 million euros corresponding to sales of energy that has been supplied but not yet billed because the usual meter reading period does not coincide with the closing of the consolidated financial statements for the year. The measurement of these unbilled sales is based on complex estimates that require Group Management to apply certain criteria, judgments and assumptions.

The main estimates on which Group Management apply criteria, judgments and assumptions to determine these unbilled sales are the daily consumption derived from seasonally adjusted historical customer profiles and other measurable factors affecting consumption. The information regarding the Group's revenue recognition criterion is detailed in Note 3.4.24.g) to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Due to the foregoing, we consider this area a key audit matter.

Our response

Our audit procedures for this area consisted, among others, in:

- Understanding the criteria and procedures applied by the Group for estimating unbilled sales, also verifying the effectiveness of the relevant controls associated with the revenue recognition process for unbilled energy supplied.
- Analyzing the Group's energy balances in physical units, by checking the correlation between the consumption in the year and sales in the same period (which include estimated unbilled energy). Additionally, verifying the reasonableness of the assumptions applied (consumption and prices) in the estimate of unbilled sales made by the Group.
- Performing substantive analytical procedures on the historical evolution of billing pending issue and the reasonableness of the sales volumes and margins of the year.

Assessment of the recovery of the book value of certain Group assets

Description

As detailed in Notes 6 and 7 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group shows intangible assets and property, plant and equipment amounting to 7,713 million euros and 19,647 million euros, respectively.

Additionally, as indicated in Note 9 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group has an investment in Unión Fenosa Gas, S.A. accounted for using the equity method, the net carrying amount of which at year end is 309 million euros.

These assets are allocated to the cash generating units (CGUs) as indicated in Note 3.4.6 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

Additionally, as detailed in Note 10 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements, the Group holds 85.4% of the share capital of Electrificadora del Caribe, S.A. ESP (Electricaribe), which carries out the electricity distribution business in Colombia, whose net carrying amount at year end is the best estimate of its fair value and amounts to 28 million euros.

The recoverability of the book value of the indicated assets has been determined based on the present value of the future cash flows generated by the CGUs or, where appropriate, the best estimate of their recoverable amount. The cash flows are calculated based on the business plans approved by Management. The key assumptions about these cash flows are included in Note 3.4.6 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements. Additionally, Management have made a sensitivity analysis of the key assumptions that, based on historical experience, may reasonably experience some variations.

As a result of the aforementioned analyses, impairment losses and write-downs on net assets have been recorded in the 2019 consolidated income statement for an amount of 61 million euros and 225 million euros under the 'Other accumulated comprehensive income' heading, as indicated in Notes 5 and 10 to the accompanying consolidated financial statements.

We have considered this area a key audit matter due to the significance of the amounts involved and the existence of significant estimates of the key assumptions used in the calculations made by Management for assessing the recoverability of the assets' value.

Our response

Our audit procedures for this area consisted, among others, in:

- Understanding the processes established by Group Management in the determination of the impairment of the assets, including the assessment of the design and implementation of relevant controls.
- Analyzing the reasonableness of the allocation of the assets to the several cash generating units (CGUs).
- Reviewing the model used by Group Management, in collaboration with our valuation specialists, covering, in particular, the mathematical consistency of the model, the reasonableness of projected cash flows, discount rates and long-term growth rates, and the results of the sensitivity analyses made by Group Management. In the performance of our review we held meetings with the people in charge of the businesses and used renowned external sources and other available information to verify the data used by Group Management.
- Reviewing the estimates made by Management and the financial information projected in the strategic plan for each CGU by analyzing the historical financial and budget information, the current market conditions, and the expectations on their potential evolution.
- Reviewing the information disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the applicable regulatory framework for financial reporting.

Other information: Consolidated management report

Other information refers exclusively to the 2019 consolidated management report, the preparation of which is the responsibility of the Parent Company's directors and is not an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

Our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the consolidated management report. Our responsibility for the information included in the consolidated management report is defined in prevailing audit regulations, which distinguish two levels of responsibility:

a. A specific level applicable to the consolidated non-financial information statement, as well as certain information included in the Corporate Governance Report, as defined in article 35.2.
b) of Audit Law 22/2015, which solely requires us to verify that said information has been included in the management report and, if not, that the reference corresponding to the separate report on non-financial information as provided for by the regulations has been included therein, and if not, disclose this fact.

b. A general level applicable to the remaining information included in the consolidated management report, which requires us to evaluate and report on the consistency of said information in the consolidated financial statements, based on the knowledge of the Group we obtained while auditing the consolidated financial statements, not including any information not obtained as evidence during the course of the audit. In addition, our responsibility is to assess and report on whether the content and presentation of this part of the consolidated management report are in conformity with applicable regulations. If, based on the work carried out, we conclude that there are material misstatements, we are required to disclose them.

Based on the work performed, as described in the above paragraph, we have verified that the information referred to in paragraph a) above is provided in the consolidated management report, and that the remaining information contained therein is consistent with that provided in the 2019 consolidated financial statements and their content and presentation are in conformity with applicable regulations.

Responsibility of the Parent Company's Directors and the audit committee for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Parent Company are responsible for the preparation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements so that they give a true and fair view of the consolidated equity, financial position and results of the Group, in accordance with IFRS-EU, and other provisions in the regulatory framework applicable to the Group in Spain, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the directors of the Parent Company are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

The audit committee of the Parent Company is responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with prevailing audit regulations in Spain, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- ldentify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Parent Company's directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the Parent Company's directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express and opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with the audit committee of the Parent Company regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the audit committee of the Parent Company with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements, including those related to independence, and communicate to them all matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated to the audit committee of the Parent Company, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

Additional report to the audit committee of the Parent Company

The opinion expressed in this audit report is consistent with the additional report we issued to the audit committee of the Parent Company on February 6, 2020.

Term of engagement

The ordinary general shareholders' meeting held on April 20, 2017 appointed us as Group auditors for 3 years, commencing on December 31, 2018.

ERNST & YOUNG, S.L.
(Signature on the original in Spanish)

Alfredo Eguiagaray

February 6, 2020

Independent Limited Assurance Report of the Consolidated Non-Financial Statement for the year ended December 31, 2019

Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. and Subsidiaries

Ernst & Young, S.L. Edificio Sarrià Fòrum Avda. Sarrià, 102-106 08017 Barcelona España







Translation of a report originally issued in Spanish. In the event of discrepancy, the Spanish-language version prevails

INDEPENDENT LIMITED ASSURANCE REPORT OF THE CONSOLIDATED NON-FINANCIAL **STATEMENT**

To the Shareholders of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A.:

Pursuant to article 49 of the Code of Commerce we have performed a verification, with a limited assurance scope, of the accompanying Consolidated Non-Financial Statement (hereinafter NFS) for the year ended December 31, 2019, of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. and subsidiaries (hereinafter, the Group), which is part of the Consolidated Director's Report of the Group.

The content of the NFS includes additional information to that required by prevailing mercantile regulations in relation to non-financial information that has not been subject to our verification. In this regard, our review has been exclusively limited to the verification of the information shown in section 7.10 of the accompanying NFS.

Responsibility of the Board of Directors and Management

The Directors of the Group are responsible for the approval and content of the NFS included in the Consolidated Director's Report of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. The NFS has been prepared in accordance with the content established in prevailing mercantile regulations and the criteria of the selected Sustainability Reporting Standards of Global Reporting Initiative (GRI standards), as well as other criteria described in accordance with that indicated for each subject in section 7.10 of the NFS.

This responsibility also includes the design, implementation and maintenance of such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of a NFS that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

The Directors of Naturgy Energy Group, S.A. are further responsible for defining, implementing, adapting and maintaining the management systems from which the information necessary for the preparation of the NFS is obtained.

Our independence and quality control procedures

We have complied with the independence and other Code of Ethics requirements for accounting professionals issued by the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants (IESBA), which is based on the fundamental principles of integrity, objectivity, professional competence and diligence, confidentiality and professionalism.



Our Firm complies with the International Standard on Quality Control No. 1 and thus maintains a global quality control system that includes documented policies and procedures related to compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards, as well as applicable legal provisions and regulations.

The engagement team consisted of experts in the review of Non-Financial Information and, specifically, in information about economic, social and environmental performance.

Our responsibility

Our responsibility is to express our conclusions in an independent limited assurance report based on the work performed. Our review has been performed in accordance with the requirements established in prevailing International Standard on Assurance Engagements 3000 Revised "Assurance Engagements Other than Audits or Reviews of Historical Financial Information" (ISAE 3000 Revised) issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB) of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) and with the Guidelines on assurance engagements on the Non-Financial Statement issued by the Spanish Institute of Chartered Accountants.

The procedures carried out in a limited assurance engagement vary in nature and timing and are smaller in scope than reasonable assurance engagements, and therefore, the level of assurance obtained is likewise lower.

Our work consisted in requesting information from Management and the various Group units participating in the preparation of the NFS, reviewing the process for gathering and validating the information included in the NFS, and applying certain analytical procedures and sampling review tests as described below:

- Meeting with Group personnel to know the business model, policies and management approaches applied, the main risks related to these matters and obtain the necessary information for our external review.
- Analyzing the scope, relevance and integrity of the content included in the 2019 NFS based on the materiality analysis made by the Group and described at the beginning of the accompanying NFS and in Annex IV of the Consolidated Director's Report, considering the content required by prevailing mercantile regulations.
- Analyzing the processes for gathering and validating the data included in the 2019 NFS.
- Reviewing the information on the risks, policies and management approaches applied in relation to the material aspects included in the 2019 NFS.
- Checking, through tests, based on a selection of a sample, the information related to the content of the 2019 NFS and its correct compilation from the data provided by the information sources.
- Obtaining a representation letter from the Directors and Management.



Conclusion

Based on the procedures performed in our verification and the evidence obtained, no matter came to our attention that would lead us to believe that the NFS of the Group for the year ended December 31, 2019 has not been prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the content established in prevailing mercantile regulations and the criteria of the selected GRI standards, as well as other criteria described in accordance with that indicated for each subject in section 7.10 of the NFS.

Use and distribution

This report has been prepared as required by prevailing mercantile regulations in Spain and may not be suitable for any other purpose or jurisdiction.

ERNST & YOUNG, S.L.
(Signature on the original in Spanish)

Antonio Capella Elizalde

February 6, 2020